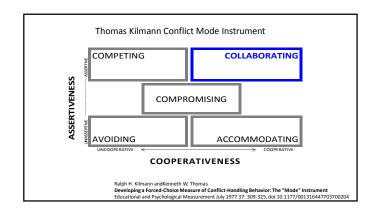
When Communication Breaks Down:

Practical Strategies for Resolving Conflict

Aimee Biller MD August 2016 I have no financial conflicts of interest to disclose.

Objectives

- Examine the five modes of dealing with conflict
- Recognize the difference between positions and interests
- Explore how reframing conflicts in terms of interests rather than positions can lead to collaborative resolutions



Case:

- Dr. Chief and Dr. Faculty are physicians in the same division
- 3 days ago Dr. Faculty received an e-vite for a meeting with Dr. Chief
- At the meeting, Dr. Faculty finds out that Dr. Chief submitted her name for a hospital committee
- Dr. Chief is taken aback when Dr. Faculty straightaway declines

What's going on in

Dr. Chief's mind?

Dr. Faculty's mind?

Framing the conflict using **positions**:

Dr. Chief

Dr. Faculty

- Dr. F should join this committee
- I do not want to be on that committee
- I should not have to waste my time convincing Dr. F
- Dr. C should be satisfied with the amount of time I devote to this job
- I have a right to be offended
- I have a right to be offended
- Dr. F should be more grateful
- Dr. C should ask instead of presume

Positions

- Are what you say that you want or what you believe **ought** to happen
- · Arise from values and priorities
- Are strongly held and strongly defended
- · Are difficult to impossible to change

Moving beyond positions:

Dr. Chief 's story

Dr. Faculty's story

- 65 years old with grown children
- 38 years old with 2 young children
- Tight schedule with countless responsibilities
- 8 clinical sessions a week; hard work not reflected on CV
- Committed to faculty promotion
- Committee is good fit, but meets

Why is it so important to know these stories?

Reframing the conflict Positions Interests

Reframing the conflict

Dr. Chief's positions:

Dr. Chief is interested in ...

- Dr. F should join this committee
- I should not have to waste my time convincing Dr. F
- I have a right to be offended
- Dr. F should be more grateful



Reframing the conflict

Dr. Chief's positions:

Dr. Chief is interested in...

- Dr. F should join this committee
- · Promoting his faculty
- · I should not have to waste my time convincing Dr. F
- Putting Dr. F on this committee
- I have a right to be offended
- Having a good relationship with Dr. F
- Dr. F should be more grateful
- Keeping Dr. F in his division
- Dr. C should be satisfied with the amount of time I devote to this job

Dr. Faculty's positions:

• I do not want to be on that

Reframing the conflict

• I have a right to be offended • Dr. C should ask instead of

Dr. Faculty is interested in...



presume

Reframing the conflict

Dr. Faculty's positions:

Dr. Faculty is interested in...

- I do not want to be on that committee
- · Taking care of her family
- Dr. C should be satisfied with the amount of time I devote to this job
- Professional opportunities that fit her schedule
- I have a right to be offended
- Having a good relationship with Dr. C
- Dr. C should ask instead of presume
- · Validation and promotion

Framing the conflict using **positions**:



Dr. Chief

- Dr. F should join this committee
- I do not want to be on that committee
- · I should not have to waste my time convincing Dr. F
- Dr. C should be satisfied with the amount of time I devote to this job
- I have a right to be offended
- I have a right to be offended

Dr. Faculty

- Dr. F should be more grateful
- Dr. C should ask instead of presume

Reframing the conflict using **interests**:



Dr. Chief is interested in...

- Promoting his faculty
- Putting Dr. F on this committee
- Keeping Dr. F in his division
- Having a good relationship with
- Dr. Faculty is interested in...
- · Taking care of her family
- Professional opportunities that fit her schedule
- Having a good relationship with Dr. C
- Validation and promotion

We guard positions but we often share interests.

- What might be a next step for Dr. C and Dr. F to move forward?
- Could this help prevent conflict in the future?

Other examples?

Take away points

- Conflicts arise from opposing positions.
- Because positions arise from values and priorities, they are like trees: strongly rooted and solidly planted.
- In contrast, interests are like roots and can be shared.
- Collaboration toward conflict resolution is more fruitful when we focus on interests rather than on positions.



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